

SERRA DOS TUCANOS BIRDING TOURS

**BIRDING THE ATLANTIC RAIN
FOREST, SOUTH-EAST BRAZIL**

14TH – 21ST MAY 2018



White-bibbed Antbird (©Andy Foster)

Trip guided and report compiled by Andy Foster

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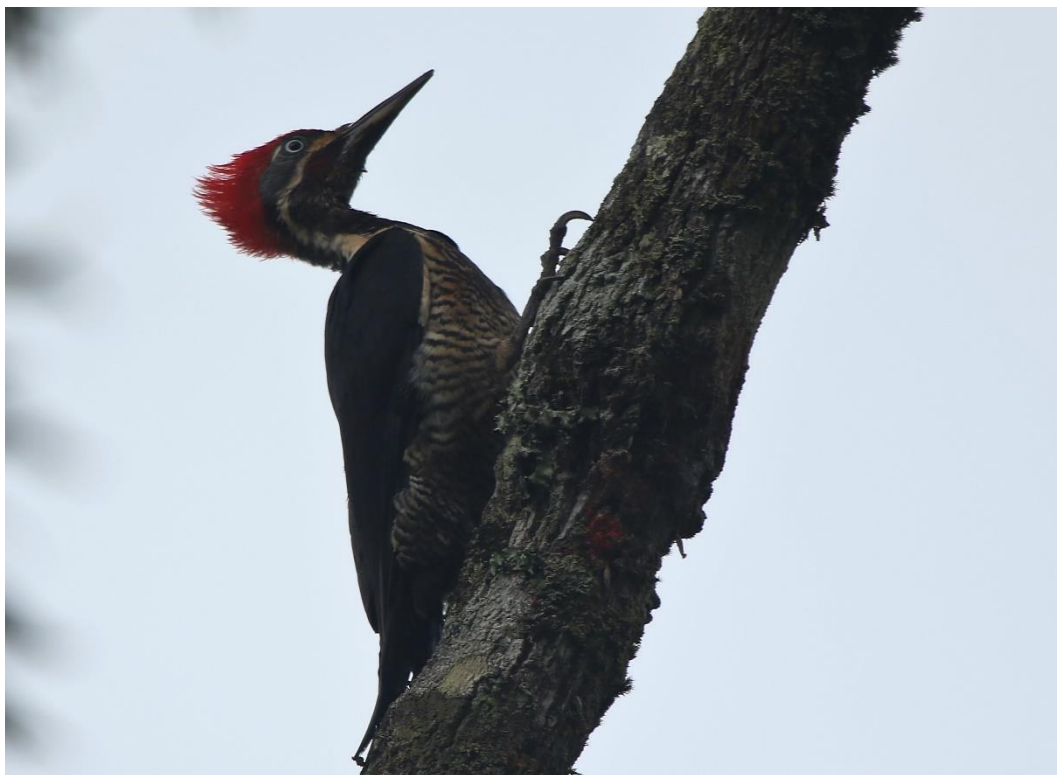
DAILY ACCOUNT

Monday 14th May

This was a private tour originally put together for friends from Germany, unfortunately 1 couple had to pull out of the trip a couple of weeks prior to the tour start date, so trip participants were Manfred and his wife Anna.

Manfred and Anna arrived on the flight from Frankfurt with Lufthansa at 05.00 and our driver Serginho collected them in arrivals and then came via the Linx hotel to collect me as I had arrived from the UK the night before. We quickly left Rio and picked up Magnificent Frigatebird, Western Cattle Egret and Great Egret on the journey around the edge of Guanabara Bay and by 09.15 we had arrived at the beautifully located Itororo Lodge which was to be our base for the next 7 nights.

We were greeted by Bettina with some fresh coffee and cake and then shown to our rooms, after a quick bit of unpacking and getting equipment together we met up again shortly afterwards and started watching some of the commoner species that visit the lodge feeders, these included Burnished-buff Tanager, Black-goggled Tanager, Golden-chevroned Tanager, Maroon-bellied Parakeet, Bananaquit, Ruby-crowned Tanager, Rufous-bellied Thrush and hummingbirds that included Violet-capped Woodnymph, Scale-throated Hermit, Brazilian Ruby and White-throated Hummingbird. After about 30 minutes we started to wander up the track that leads towards the White Trail, we didn't get very far as we soon found plenty of birds, we used playback for both Planalto and Grey-capped Tyrannulet which both showed well, this was followed by Squirrel Cuckoo, Dusky-tailed Antbird, Golden-crowned Warbler, Orange-eyed Thornbird, Variable Antshrike, White-collared Foliage Gleaner, Buff-fronted Foliage Gleaner, Scaled Woodcreeper, Rufous-browed Peppershrike, Yellow-legged Thrush, Chestnut-crowned Becard, Green-backed Becard, Pin-tailed Manakin and Pallid Spinetail. The weather started to close in and it started to rain a little so we walked back the short distance to the lodge and got great views of Lineated Woodpecker, Ochre-faced Tody Flycatcher and then watched the feeders until lunch at 12.15. We had a short break after lunch and met up again at 14.00 to spend the rest of the afternoon birding the White Trail.



Lineated Woodpecker (©Andy Foster)

It turned out to be an excellent afternoons birding with plenty of new species including a cracking male Blue Manakin, Chestnut-headed Tanager, Rufous Gnateater, Orange-eyed Thornbird (better views), Rufous-capped Spinetail, Green-winged Saltator and a stunning female Blond-crested Woodpecker, but the bird of the day without doubt goes to Variegated Antpitta, after hopping in front of us it then decided to perch up and sat there for 10 minutes giving fantastic views!



Variegated Antpitta (©Andy Foster)



Ochre-faced Tody Flycatcher (©Andy Foster)

After the Antpitta we continued on up the track and tried for White-breasted Tapaculo, it was already quite late in the afternoon and birds were not responding so well to playback, unfortunately the Tapaculo didn't show but did respond, this would have to wait until another day, likewise for Serra do Mar Tyrant Manakin and Tufted Antshrike, again these both responded well but wouldn't come any closer.

On arrival back at the lodge we came across 5 Dusky-legged Guans munching their way through the rest of the bananas on the feeders! We had a short break before dinner, this was followed by our first daily checklist, tired after a very long day we all retired to recharge ready for another busy day tomorrow!

Tuesday 15th May

Having gone to bed with a completely clear sky we were shocked to be greeted by very low cloud when we met up for breakfast at 06.00. It was drizzling and not looking too good to go up for some high altitude birding at Pico da Caledonia. Serginho arrived as usual at around 06.20 and said that the peak was clear, but as we started to drive down from the lodge the cloud had closed in completely covering anywhere above 1000m in altitude. We decided to head towards Macae de Cima and spend the day birding there. We arrived at the trail head some 30 minutes later only to be surrounded with low cloud and drizzle. We started to bird at the first stop but there was nothing vocalising and the only thing we could see were some distant Dusky-legged Guans. I asked Serginho to see if any of his contacts had driven up from Rio this morning, luckily one had and reported that the weather on the other side of the mountains (only 15 minutes away) was clear. Without a second thought we all got back in the minibus and headed towards the Cedae Trail, what a great move that turned out to be, we arrived with blue sky above us and a light breeze, perfect! It turned out to be a very successful morning and we birded the trail all the way through until 12.45.



Spot-billed Toucanet (©Andy Foster)

Highlights were many as we came across at least 3 good mixed flocks and picked up several other good species along the way. Birds of note for the morning were White-eyed Foliage Gleaner, Black-capped Foliage Gleaner, Ochre-breasted Foliage Gleaner, Black-cheeked Gnateater, Spot-billed Toucanet, Grey-hooded Flycatcher, Saw-billed Hermit, Spot-backed Antshrike, Lesser Woodcreeper, Surucua Trogon, Violaceous Euphonia, Chestnut-bellied Euphonia, Orange-bellied Euphonia, Red-crowned Ant-Tanager, White-barred

Piculet, Yellow-eared Woodpecker, Yellow-browed Woodpecker, Green-headed Tanager, Rufous-headed Tanager, Black-throated Grosbeak, Streak-capped Antwren, Plain Parakeet, Star-throated Antwren and Whiskered Myiobius! What a great mornings birding!

We arrived back at the minibus at around 12.45 and drove back up towards the Theodoro Trail where we would have lunch and spend the rest of the afternoon birding. We stopped briefly for a scan over the forest and Manfred spotted a Black and White Hawk-Eagle.... what a great bird!

Arriving at the start of the Theodoro Trail there was still a little drizzle, but we had our packed lunches and headed off onto this great trail! It was quite damp and cold inside the forest but we managed to see some good birds including Rufous-breasted Leaftosser, Grey-hooded Attila, Sharpbill (after quite a bit of effort!), White-rimmed Warbler, Sharp-tailed Streamcreeper, Sharp-billed Treehunter and Streaked Xenops.



Sharpbill (©Andy Foster)

We arrived back at the minibus shortly before 16.45 and arrived back at the lodge at around 17.30, as usual tea and cake were awaiting us and then time for showers followed by dinner at 18.30 and then the usual daily checklist.

Wednesday 16th May

We met up for breakfast at the usual time of 06.00, the lodge was surrounded by heavy cloud but as the sun begun to rise the sky started to clear and by the time we left the lodge at 06.30 the sky was almost clear in the direction of Pico da Caledonia, so we decided to give the peak a go for some high altitude birding. As we got closer it was clear that it was going to be a great day weather wise, but would the birds perform as well?!

We arrived at our parking spot at about 1700m in altitude and got all of our gear together for a full days birding. As both Manfred and Anna had been to Brazil before they had already seen the Itatiaia Thsitletail, Velvety-black Tyrant and Black and Gold Cotinga, so thankfully we would not have to go all the way to the top of the Caledonia for the Thsitletail or the Tyrant, this would save us a good couple of hours walking and free up time to focus on the other target birds.

We were just about to set off when I heard some Thick-billed Saltators vocalising, I used some playback and within a minute Manfred had spotted 3 of them, they gave some great views together with some Brassy-breasted Tanagers. We started to walk up the road a little and used some playback for Serra do Mar Tyrannulet, to my surprise these responded well and put on a great show, we also managed to pull in a Serra do Mar Tyrant Manakin that was very inquisitive, and after some playback we topped this off with a Mouse-coloured Tapaculo, all in the same spot!! Not a bad start!



Serra do Mar Tyrannulet (©Andy Foster)

We continued on up the track and soon had good views again of Thick-billed Saltator followed by a couple of Diademed Tanagers, this was followed shortly afterwards by another new trip endemic, a nice male Rufous-tailed Antbird! Further up the track I started using some playback for Large-tailed Antshrike, we had a couple of responses but nothing came in close enough. At one of the spots we had a Rufous-tailed Antthrush calling, after playback this showed well, although briefly! Onwards and upwards we were doing very well and had already seen the majority of the target birds for the day, it was only 09.30!

Aside from the Itatiaia Thistletail one of the biggest targets for today is the very localised and endemic Grey-winged Cotinga. We arrived at a reliable spot for it, used a little playback and soon had a response from not too far away. After a couple more small pieces of playback one flew passed us quite close and within a few minutes it had positioned itself smack bang in front of us, and sat there for at least 5 minutes.....fantastic, we were all in shock! It was only 09.40 and we were missing just 3 target birds for the day!

Very happy with ourselves we soon picked up another new bird as a male Green-crowned Plovercrest came and fed on a fuchsia right by the side of us, this was followed by a Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet that came in to some playback in the tree above us. We walked further up the mountain playing Large-tailed Antshrike on and off but to no avail. We reached a certain point and decided to start heading slowly back down as we had more chances of both the Antshrike and our other missing target the Bay-chested Warbling Finch lower down back towards the minibus. We stopped for some lunch just before midday and came across a couple of Rufous-crowned Greenlets, and by using playback managed to get a male Large-tailed Antshrike in pretty close, giving slightly obscured by good views! Further down we came across a small flock of Bay-chested Warbling Finch that again gave great views..... mission accomplished! We arrived back at the minibus just

before 13.00 and took a short drive to another spot where we got our target bird pretty quickly, a lovely Red-legged Seriema!



Grey-winged Cotinga (©Andy Foster)



Brassy-breasted Tanager (©Andy Foster)

With not much other activity at this spot we decided to head back to the lodge arriving just after 14.00. We had a well earned cup of coffee with homemade banana cake followed by a short rest. We met up again at 15.30 and birded the start of the Green Trail in the lodge grounds. We had a very productive couple of hours

picking up Greenish Schiffornis, Yellow Tyrannulet, Drab-breasted bamboo-Tyrant, Whiskered Myiobius, Ochre-rumped Antbird, Bertoni's Antbird and after quite a bit of effort we had great views of a Cryptic Antthrush! All of this was in the same 5 square meter patch of forest at the start of the Brown Trail..... amazing!



High altitude habitat, great birding at Pico da Caledonia (@Andy Foster)

A rather large storm was brewing so we set off back to the lodge arriving just after 17.15, we watched the storm coming in for a while and then went off for showers meeting up again at 18.30 for dinner followed as usual by our daily checklist.



The brewing storm from the deck at Itororo Lodge (Andy Foster)

Thursday 17th May

After a good night's rest we awoke to light rain, therefore plans were changed and instead of going for some forest birding to Macae de Cima we set off further inland for some open country birding around Duas Barras and Sumidouro. As we left Nova Friburgo the weather started to improve and an hour later when we arrived at our first stop it had improved greatly! As usual the first stop before Duas Barras was super productive with lots of new species including Rufous-fronted Thornbird, White-eyed Parakeet, Campo Flicker, Streamer-tailed Tyrant, Wing-banded Hornero, Swallow-tailed Hummingbird, Yellow-chinned Spinetail, Glittering-bellied Emerald, Yellow-bellied Elaenia, Blackish Rail, Black-capped Donacobius, Scaly-headed Parrot and a stunning pair of Blue-winged Macaws, not a bad start!

As we drove towards our next stop it suddenly clouded over and the heavens opened, were we doomed for the rest of the day?! Thankfully 40 minutes later the weather started to improve and brighten up, eventually the rain stopped and the weather remained good but cloudy for the rest of the day.

Once the rain had stopped we got out of the minibus and started to bird at the second stop of the day. First up we picked up a small flock of Gilt-edged Tanagers, these responded well to playback and showed very well, this was followed by some distant Guira Cuckoos and a Brown-chested Martin, but surprisingly there was not a lot else here. We drove on and stopped at our only stakeout for Serra Antwren, thankfully the male came in to playback, although it only showed briefly, but it was enough to see the bird well! Driving on further we arrived at a viewpoint located just before Duas Barras, again this gave us a good number of new species including Crested-black Tyrant, Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture, Grassland Sparrow, Firewood Gatherer, Wedge-tailed Grassfinch, White-tailed Hawk, Blue-black Grassquit and a White-rumped Monjita. We took a short drive down to Duas Barras where we stopped for a coffee before joining the dirt track towards Murineli that we would bird for the remainder of the morning.



Wedge-tailed Grassfinch (©Andy Foster)

We had some great birding along the track with many new species for the day including Yellow-eared Woodpecker, Planalto Woodcreeper, Aplomado Falcon, Yellow-headed Caracara, Crescent-chested Puffbird, Black-billed Scythebill, Yellow-olive Flycatcher, Long-tailed Tyrant, Half-collared Sparrow, Curl-crested Jay, Yellow-lored Tody Flycatcher, Chestnut-crowned Becard, Green-backed Becard, Olivaceous Woodcreeper,

Scaled Woodcreeper, Yellow Tyrannulet, Yellow-olive Flycatcher, Short-crested Flycatcher and Green-winged Saltator.



Curl-crested Jay (©Andy Foster)



Black-necked Aracari (©Andy Foster)

After lunch we took the 30 minute drive towards Sumidouro where we were hopefully going to see the Three-toed Jacamar. We arrived at the spot around 14.00 and within a few minutes we were getting great views of this endemic Jacamar! There were also some other great birds about including Toco Toucan, Crested

Oropendola, Black-necked Aracari and several more Curl-crested Jays, a great way to end an excellent days birding! We had a quick stop on the way back to the lodge but didn't pick up any new species and as we arrived back into Nova Friburgo it once again started to pour with rain, so thankfully we had been very lucky with the weather! We arrived back at the lodge at 17.00, the usual ritual of tea and fresh homemade cake was undertaken before we went off for showers etc. We met up again at 18.30 for dinner and completed a rather long (!) daily checklist afterwards!



Yellow-lored Tody Flycatcher (©Andy Foster)

Friday 18th May

After a good nights sleep we met up at 06.00 for breakfast and although not quite light you could see low cloud all around us! Today we were to spend a full day in the lodge grounds. There are several trails around Itororo Lodge that go through a good mixture of habitats including some lovely primary forest, good stands of native bamboo and some forest edge, all of these habitats provide excellent areas to find many good Atlantic forest endemics!

The morning started off a little slow around the Blue Trail due to the cloud and at times some light rain. We were also “running out” of target birds for the lodge grounds as thankfully we had already had a productive first day earlier in the week. We had a short list of target species for the morning and we managed to get almost every bird on the list! First up was a male Uniform Finch right by the side of the lodge, very unusual place to see one, but we were of course very happy! Next up was a Rough-legged Tyrannulet that showed well, usually a canopy bird this individual was sitting at eye level which makes a nice change! We moved on around the trail picking up better views of White-rimmed Warbler and after a lot of effort some very brief views of Grey-bellied Spinetail (always seems to be the way with this species), further around we got great views of White-throated Woodcreeper, Lesser Woodcreeper, White-shouldered Fire-eye, Drab-breasted Bamboo-Tyrant, a nice male Pin-tailed Manakin, Variable Antshrike, Bertoni's Antbird, White-collared Foliage-gleaner, White-necked Thrush and a male Black-throated Trogon.

We came to the end of the Blue trail earlier than usual and decided to go and have another go for Spotted Bamboo Wren on the junction of the Brown and Green Trail. On the way there we saw a male Blue-billed

Black Tyrant and also used some playback and managed to call in a Rufous-capped Motmot. Upon arriving at the Bamboo Wren spot I started to use playback. After about 10 minutes of sporadic playback we finally got a response, 5 minutes later Manfred spotted the bird right above us in some dead twigs, brief but excellent views of this tricky little endemic!



Male Brazilian Ruby at the Itororo Lodge feeders (©Andy Foster)



Rufous-breasted Leaf-tosser (©Andy Foster)

It was now 11.45 so we decided to head back to the lodge getting some distant views of a Plumbeous Pigeon on the way. We had a delicious lunch of feijoada (a typical Brazilian dish), this warmed us up nicely and we

felt recharged for an afternoons birding along the White Trail to go after a few target species there. The hummingbird feeders were as busy as ever with Brazilian Ruby, White-throated Hummingbird, Violet-capped Woodnymph and Scale-throated Hermit.

We set off onto the White Trail with just a few target species, fairly quickly we picked up the first which was White-browed Foliage Gleaner, this was part of a large mixed flock that also contained Rufous-crowned Greenlet, Pin-tailed Manakin, Lesser Woodcreeper, Scaled Woodcreeper, Sharp-billed Treehunter, Yellow-olive Flycatcher, Chestnut-crowned Becard, Yellow-eared Woodpecker, Streaked Xenops, Shear-tailed Gray Tyrant and Rufous-headed Tanager.

On the way back to the lodge we had crazy views of a feeding Rufous-breasted Leaf-tosser, so close and we just followed it down the path, we also had good views of a couple of Slaty-breasted Wood Rails. We arrived back at the lodge at 17.15, grabbed a torch and set off back towards the White Trail some 20 minutes later and started using playback for Tropical Screech Owl. We had a couple of responses but nothing that came in close. Our main target for this evening was Rusty-barred Owl, after some playback we got a distant response and then it went quiet. We continued using some playback on and off and suddenly the owl flew in and landed right above us, fantastic views of Rusty-barred Owl! A great way to finish a great days birding! After spending almost 10 minutes watching the owl we left it in peace and took the short walk back to the lodge meeting up again shortly afterwards for dinner followed by the daily checklist.



Rusty-barred Owl just a 5 minute walk from the lodge! (©Andy Foster)

Saturday 19th May

We awoke to a very cloudy and windy morning and having looked at the weather forecast we decided to go to Macae de Cima as at least it was dry and they were predicting rain for the Nova Friburgo area tomorrow and birding Macae de Cima in the rain is no fun at all! We departed after breakfast and took the 30 minute drive to the start of the road to Macae de Cima. As rain was threatening we decided to drive all the way to our last stakeout area for a handful of species and bird our way back to the main road. 25 minutes later we stop briefly at our stakeout for White-bearded Antshrike, within minutes of using playback a beautiful male Antshrike appeared in front of us, a great start (!), we also got good views of Long-tailed Tyrant, Yellow-eared Woodpecker and Yellow-browed Woodpecker before setting off again.



White-bearded Antshrike (©Andy Foster)



Pin-tailed Manakin (©Andy Foster)

Some 20 minutes later we arrived at our final point on the trail, walked down the road a little way picking up Eared-pygmy Tyrant on the way and started using playback for Slaty Bristlefront, but try as we may, there was no sign of the Bristlefront for the remainder of the day. We did however get the most amazing views of White-bibbed Antbird (see front cover of the report), this was followed by a very cooperative male Pin-tailed Manakin that sat nicely in front of us on several occasions for the next 5 minutes or so and a small group of 4 Spot-winged Wood-Quail! We continued on down the road but by now it had become very windy and there

was no vocalisation at all from any birds, so we started to head back towards the car picking up a nice male Surucua Trogon on the way. Unfortunately the rest of the morning and early afternoon was seriously hampered by strong winds so we decided to head back to the lodge and see if the weather was any better there.



Native bamboo along the Macae de Cima road, great for Antbirds! (©Andy Foster)



Surucua Trogon (©Andy Foster)

It was not as windy back at the lodge so after a cup of coffee and cake we took a short break and met up again at 15.30 to go out on the White Trail to look for White-breasted Tapaculo and Tufted Antshrike. Whilst

Manfred was having his coffee he managed to photograph a Blond-crested Woodpecker on the feeders....excellent! As we set off there was not much activity as the clouds were building up and after all of the wind during the day there was clearly a storm on the way! We arrived at the Tapaculo and Antshrike site and although we got a response from the Tapaculo it was very distant and didn't come any closer. We started to head back to the lodge and arrived about 20 minutes before the heavens opened together with thunder and lightning, so good timing!

As usual dinner was served at 18.30 followed by the daily checklist.

Sunday 20th May

Amazingly the final full day of the tour was upon us, the week had flown by! Today we were to spend a full day birding at Regua. The drive down took us 1.5 hours and this was our first time birding below 500m so expectations were high for lots of new birds! Unfortunately on the way down we encountered rather a lot of rain, which was a little worrying as we had a lot of birds to find! Thankfully when we were about 20 minutes away from the wetlands the rain stopped and the weather cleared up a little, leaving an overcast day with short periods of sun, perfect conditions!



White-bearded Manakin ©(Andy Foster)

The day started well as we spent the first couple of hours walking around the wetlands and then into the lowland forest. We had many new species today, species of note around the wetlands included Boat-billed Heron, Capped Heron, White-chinned Sapphire, Versicoloured Emerald, White-bearded Manakin, Snowy Egret, Neotropic Cormorant, Yellow-chinned Spinetail, Purple Gallinule, Great Egret, Greater Ani, Cattle Egret and then into the first section of lowland forest for Silvery-flanked Antwren, Rufous-tailed Jacamar, Sooretama Slaty-Antshrike, Yellow-backed Tanager, Flame-crested Tanager, Chestnut-vented Conebill and White-winged Becard, a pretty good start! As we continued into the lowland forest we had certain target species, it turned out to be a very productive day as we hit almost all of our target birds including Scaled Antbird, Southern Antpipit, Plain-winged Woodcreeper, Long-billed Wren, Greyish Mourner, Eye-ringed Tody Tyrant, Reddish Hermit, Chestnut-backed Antshrike, White-barred Piculet, Unicoloured Antwren, Elegant Mourner (what a bird)! As we made our way out of the forest and back around the edge of the wetlands we picked up White-faced Whistling Duck and Brazilian Teal.

We arrived back at the minibus around 15.30 and took the 1.5 hour drive back to the lodge, an excellent last days birding, with a very early departure for onward flights tomorrow we packed up everything, had dinner at 18.30 followed by the daily checklist as usual.



White-barred Piculet (@Andy Foster)

Once again we had been very well looked after by Rainer and Bettina at Itororo Lodge, comfortable accommodation, excellent home cooked food and rather nice desserts also!

Monday 21st May

A very early 03.00 departure today for the airport this morning as Manfred and Anna were flying off to Fortaleza for a birding trip around North-East Brazil!

As mentioned earlier in the report, both Manfred and Anna had birded South-East Brazil before so we didn't go after a lot of the commoner species, our main target were Atlantic forest endemics of which we saw a staggering 88 species!

The following list of birds represents species seen and heard during the tour. The list follows the taxonomic order of the IOC (International Ornithologists' Union).

Species in bold are endemic to the Atlantic rain forest.

Species with an * are endemic to Brazil.

BIRD SPECIES (Scientific name)	DAY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
TINAMOUS								
BROWN TINAMOU (<i>Crypturellus obsoletus</i>)						H		
GUANS								
DUSKY-LEGGED GUAN (<i>Penelope obscura</i>)	5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
NEW WORLD QUAILS								
SPOT-WINGED WOOD-QUAIL (<i>Odontophorus capueira</i>)							4	
DUCKS								
WHITE-FACED WHISTLING-DUCK (<i>Dendrocygna viduata</i>)								5

MUSCOVY DUCK (<i>Cairina moschata</i>)							4
BRAZILIAN TEAL (<i>Amazonetta brasiliensis</i>)							1
HERONS							
RUFESCENT TIGER-HERON (<i>Tigrisoma lineatum</i>)							2
BOAT BILLED HERON (<i>Cochlearius cochlearius</i>)							5
BLACK-CROWNED NIGHT-HERON (<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>)							2
WESTERN CATTLE EGRET (<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>)	X						X
GREAT EGRET (<i>Ardea alba</i>)	X			1			2
CAPPED HERON (<i>Pilherodius pileatus</i>)							3
SNOWY EGRET (<i>Egretta thula</i>)							2
FRIGATEBIRDS							
MAGNIFICENT FRIGATEBIRD (<i>Fregata magnificens</i>)	X						
CORMORANTS							
NEOTROPIC CORMORANT (<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>)							X
NEW WORLD VULTURES							
TURKEY VULTURE (<i>Cathartes aura</i>)	2	1		2		2	X
LESSER YELLOW-HEADED VULTURE (<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>)				1			
BLACK VULTURE (<i>Coragyps atratus</i>)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
KITES, HAWKS AND EAGLES							
SAVANNA HAWK (<i>Buteogallus meridionalis</i>)							1
ROADSIDE HAWK (<i>Buteo magnirostris</i>)				1			
WHITE-TAILED HAWK (<i>Buteo albicaudatus</i>)			1	1			
BLACK HAWK-EAGLE (<i>Spizaetus tyrannus</i>)							H
BLACK AND WHITE HAWK-EAGLE (<i>Spizastur melanoleucus</i>)		1					
CARACARAS AND FALCONS							
SOUTHERN CRESTED CARACARA (<i>Caracara plancus</i>)	2		1	X			2
YELLOW-HEADED CARACARA (<i>Milvago chimachima</i>)				X			X
COLLARED FOREST-FALCON (<i>Micrastur semitorquatus</i>)					H		
AMERICAN KESTREL (<i>Falco sparverius</i>)				1			
APLOMADO FALCON (<i>Falco femoralis</i>)				1			
SERIEMAS							
RED-LEGGED SERIEMA (<i>Cariama cristata</i>)			1				
RAILS, CRAKES AND COOTS							
RUFIOUS-SIDED CRAKE (<i>Laterallus melanophaius</i>)							H
SLATY-BREASTED WOOD-RAIL (<i>Aramides saracura</i>)			1		2	2	
ASH-THROATED CRAKE (<i>Porzana albicollis</i>)				H			
BLACKISH RAIL (<i>Pardirallus nigricans</i>)				1			2
PURPLE GALLINULE (<i>Porphyrio martinica</i>)							3
COMMON MOORHEN (<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>)							X
PLOVERS							
SOUTHERN LAPWING (<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>)	2	4		X			X
JACANAS							
WATTLED JACANA (<i>Jacana jacana</i>)							X
PIGEONS AND DOVES							
ROCK DOVE (<i>Columba livia</i>)	X	X	X	X			X
PICAZURO PIGEON (<i>Patagioenas picazuro</i>)			1	X	X	X	X
PLUMBEOUS PIGEON (<i>Patagioenas plumbea</i>)					1	3	
RUDDY GROUND-DOVE (<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>)				X			X
GRAY-FRONTED DOVE (<i>Leptotila rufaxilla</i>)					2	2	

PARROTS							
BLUE-WINGED MACAW (<i>Primolius maracana</i>)				2			
WHITE-EYED PARAKEET (<i>Aratinga leucophthalmus</i>)				X		X	
MAROON-BELLIED PARAKEET (<i>Pyrrhura frontalis</i>)	X	X	X		X	X	H
PLAIN PARAKEET (<i>Brotogeris tirica</i>)*		2					
GOLDEN-TAILED PARROTLET (<i>Touit serda</i>)*		H					
SCALY-HEADED PARROT (<i>Pionus maximiliani</i>)		H		1	H		
CUCKOOS							
GUIRA CUCKOO (<i>Guira guira</i>)				X			
GREATER ANI (<i>Crotophaga major</i>)							X
SMOOTH-BILLED ANI (<i>Crotophaga ani</i>)				X			
SQUIRREL CUCKOO (<i>Piaya cayana</i>)	1	1	1	1			
OWLS							
TROPICAL SCREECH-OWL (<i>Megascops choliba</i>)					H		
RUSTY-BARRED OWL (<i>Strix hylophila</i>)					1		
FERRUGINOUS PYGMY-OWL (<i>Glaucidium brasilianum</i>)							H
HUMMINGBIRDS							
SAW-BILLED HERMIT (<i>Ramphodon naevius</i>)*		1					
SCALE-THROATED HERMIT (<i>Phaethornis eurynome</i>)	2	2	2	1	4	3	
REDDISH HERMIT (<i>Phaethornis ruber</i>)							1
SWALLOW-TAILED HUMMINGBIRD (<i>Eupetomena macroura</i>)				1			
POLOVERCREST (<i>Stephanoxis lalandi</i>)			2				
GLITTERING-BELLIED EMERALD (<i>Chlorostilbon lucidus</i>)				3		2	
VIOLET-CAPPED WOODNYMPH (<i>Thalurania glaucopis</i>)	3	4	3	2	4	4	2
WHITE-CHINNED SAPPHIRE (<i>Hylocharis cyanus</i>)							1
WHITE-THROATED HUMMINGBIRD (<i>Leucochloris albicollis</i>)	4	2	X	3	X	X	X
VERSCOLORED EMERALD (<i>Amazilia versicolor</i>)							1
BRAZILIAN RUBY (<i>Clytolaema rubricauda</i>)*	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
TROGONS							
SURUCUA TROGON (<i>Trogon surrucura</i>)		1	1			4	H
BLACK-THROATED TROGON (<i>Trogon rufus</i>)					1		
KINGFISHERS							
AMAZON KINGFISHER (<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>)							3
RINGED KINGFISHER (<i>Megaceryle torquata</i>)							2
MOTMOTS							
RUFOUS-CAPPED MOTMOT (<i>Baryphthengus ruficapillus</i>)	H				1		
JACAMARS							
THREE-TOED JACAMAR (<i>Jacamaralcyon tridactyla</i>)*				3			
RUFOUS-TAILED JACAMAR (<i>Galbula ruficauda</i>)							5
PUFFBIRDS							
CRESCENT-CHESTED PUFFBIRD (<i>Malacoptila striata</i>)*				1			1
TOUCANS							
BLACK-NECKED ARACARI (<i>Pteroglossus aracari</i>)				4			
SPOT-BILLED TOUCANET (<i>Selenidera maculirostris</i>)		3			H		
CHANNEL-BILLED TOUCAN (<i>Rhamphastos vitellinus</i>)							H
TOCO TOUCAN (<i>Rhamphastos toco</i>)				2			
WOODPECKERS							
WHITE-BARRED PICULET (<i>Picumnus cirratus</i>)		1					3
YELLOW-EARED WOODPECKER (<i>Veniliornis maculifrons</i>)*		2		1	2	2	H

YELLOW-THROATED WOODPECKER (<i>Piculus flavigula</i>)							H
YELLOW-BROWED WOODPECKER (<i>Piculus aurulentus</i>)		1				2	
CAMPO FLICKER (<i>Colaptes campestris</i>)				4			
BLOND-CRESTED WOODPECKER (<i>Celeus flavescens</i>)	1					1	H
LINEATED WOODPECKER (<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>)	1						
OVENBIRDS							
BAND-TAILED HORNERO (<i>Furnarius figulus</i>)*				4			2
RUFOUS HORNERO (<i>Furnarius rufus</i>)				X			
RUFOUS-CAPPED SPINETAIL (<i>Synallaxis ruficapilla</i>)	1		1		H		
GRAY-BELLIED SPINETAIL (<i>Synallaxis cinerascens</i>)					1		
PALLID SPINETAIL (<i>Cranioleuca pallida</i>)*	2		H		H	H	
YELLOW-CHINNED SPINETAIL (<i>Certhiaxis cinnamomeus</i>)				2			5
RUFOUS-FRONTED THORNBIRD (<i>Phacellodomus rufifrons</i>)				4			
ORANGE-EYED THORNBIRD (<i>Phacellodomus erythrophthalmus</i>)*	3						
FIREWOOD GATHERER (<i>Anumbius annumbi</i>)				2			
WHITE-BROWED FOLIAGE GLEANER (<i>Anabacerthia amaurotis</i>)*		H			2		
BUFF-BROWED FOLIAGE-GLEANER (<i>Syndactyla rufosupercilatus</i>)	H		1			H	
OCHRE-BREASTED FOLIAGE-GLEANER (<i>Philydor lichtensteini</i>)		1					
BLACK-CAPPED FOLIAGE-GLEANER (<i>Philydor atricapillus</i>)		2					1
BUFF-FRONTED FOLIAGE-GLEANER (<i>Philydor rufum</i>)	1	2					
WHITE-COLLARED FOLIAGE-GLEANER (<i>Anabazenops fuscus</i>)*	1				1	H	
PALE-BROWED TREEHUNTER (<i>Cichlocolaptes leucophrus</i>)*		H					
WHITE-EYED FOLIAGE-GLEANER (<i>Automolus leucophthalmus</i>)		1					1
RUFOUS-BREASTED LEAFTOSSER (<i>Sclerus scansor</i>)	H	1			1	1	
SHARP-TAILED STREAMCREEPER (<i>Lochmias nematura</i>)	H	1					
SHARP-BILLED TREEHUNTER (<i>Heliobletus contaminatus</i>)		1			1		
PLAIN XENOPS (<i>Xenops minutus</i>)		H					
STREAKED XENOPS (<i>Xenops rutilans</i>)		2			1		2
PLAIN-WINGED WOODCREEPER (<i>Dendrocincla turdina</i>)*							1
OLIVACEOUS WOODCREEPER (<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>)	1	2	1	1	2	1	
WHITE-THROATED WOODCREEPER (<i>Xiphocolaptes albicollis</i>)					1		
PLANALTO WOODCREEPER (<i>Dendrocolaptes platyrostris</i>)		H		2		1	
LESSER WOODCREEPER (<i>Xiphorhynchus fuscus</i>)		2			2	2	
SCALED WOODCREEPER (<i>Lepidocolaptes squamatus</i>)*	2			1	2	1	
BLACK-BILLED SCYTHEBILL (<i>Campylorhamphus falcularius</i>)				1			
ANTBIRDS							
SPOT-BACKED ANTSHRIKE (<i>Hypoedaleus guttatus</i>)		2					
GIANT ANTSHRIKE (<i>Batara cinerea</i>)	H				H	H	
LARGE-TAILED ANTSHRIKE (<i>Mackenziaena leachii</i>)			1				
TUFTED ANTSHRIKE (<i>Mackenziaena severa</i>)	H				H	1	
WHITE-BEARDED ANTSHRIKE (<i>Biatas nigropectus</i>)						1	
CHESTNUT-BACKED ANTSHRIKE (<i>Thamnophilus palliatus</i>)							1
SOORETAMA SLATY-ANTSHRIKE (<i>Thamnophilus ambiguus</i>)*							3
VARIABLE ANTSHRIKE (<i>Thamnophilus caeruleus</i>)	2				1		
RUFOUS-CAPPED ANTSHRIKE (<i>Thamnophilus ruficapillus</i>)						1	
SPOT-BREASTED ANTIVIREO (<i>Dysithamnus stictothorax</i>)		H					
PLAIN ANTIVIREO (<i>Dysithamnus mentalis</i>)	1	H			1		
RUFOUS-BACKED ANTIVIREO (<i>Dysithamnus xanthopterus</i>)*			3				
STAR-THROATED ANTWREN (<i>Myrmotherula gularis</i>)*		1					

SILVERY-FLANKED ANTWREN (<i>Myrmotherula luctuosa</i>)*							X
UNICOLORED ANTWREN (<i>Myrmotherula unicolor</i>)*							2
SERRA ANTWREN (<i>Formicivora serrana</i>)*				1			
FERRUGINOUS ANTBIRD (<i>Drymophila ferruginea</i>)*				H			
BERTONIS ANTBIRD (<i>Drymophila rubricollis</i>)	H		2		1	H	
RUFOUS-TAILED ANTBIRD (<i>Drymophila genei</i>)*			1				
OCHRE-RUMPED ANTBIRD (<i>Drymophila ochropyga</i>)*	H		1				
DUSKY-TAILED ANTBIRD (<i>Drymophila malura</i>)	1						
SCALED ANTBIRD (<i>Drymophila squamata</i>)*							2
STREAK-CAPPED ANTWREN (<i>Terenura maculata</i>)		2					
WHITE-SHOULDERED FIRE-EYE (<i>Pyrglena leucoptera</i>)	H	H			4		
WHITE-BIBBED ANTBIRD (<i>Myrmeciza loricata</i>)*						1	
ANTTHRUSHES							
RUFOUS-CAPPED ANTTHRUSH (<i>Formicarius colma</i>)		H					
CRYPTIC ANTTHRUSH (<i>Chamaeza meruloides</i>)*	H		1			H	
RUFOUS-TAILED ANTTHRUSH (<i>Chamaeza ruficauda</i>)*			1		H		
ANTPITTAS							
VARIEGATED ANTPITTA (<i>Grallaria varia</i>)	1						
GNATEATERS							
RUFOUS GNATEATER (<i>Conopophaga lineata</i>)	1		1		2		
BLACK-CHEEKED GNATEATER (<i>Conopophaga melanops</i>)*		2					
TAPACULOS							
SPOTTED BAMBOOWREN (<i>Psilorhamphus gutattus</i>)					1	H	
WHITE-BREASTED TAPACULO (<i>Eleoscytalopus indigoticus</i>)*	H				H	H	
MOUSE-COLORED TAPACULO (<i>Scytalopus speluncae</i>)*			1				
TYRANT FLYCATCHERS							
PLANALTO TYRANNULET (<i>Phyllomyias fasciatus</i>)	2			1	1		
ROUGH-LEGGED TYRANNULET (<i>Phyllomyias burmeisteri</i>)					1		
GREY-CAPPED TYRANNULET (<i>Phyllomyias griseicapillus</i>)*	1						
YELLOW-BELLIED ELAENIA (<i>Elaenia flavogaster</i>)				2			
YELLOW TYRANNULET (<i>Capsiempis flaveola</i>)			3	2			
SOUTHERN ANTIPIPI (<i>Corythopsis delalandi</i>)				H			1
MOTTLE-CHEEKED TYRANNULET (<i>Phylloscartes ventralis</i>)	H	H	2		H		
SERRA DO MAR TYRANNULET (<i>Phylloscartes difficilis</i>)*			5				
OCHRE-BELLIED FLYCATCHER (<i>Mionectes oleaginous</i>)							1
GRAY-HOODED FLYCATCHER (<i>Mionectes rufiventris</i>)		1					
SEPIA-CAPPED FLYCATCHER (<i>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</i>)		1		1		1	
DRAB-BREASTED BAMBOO-TYRANT (<i>Hemitriccus diops</i>)			1		1	H	
EYE-RINGED TODY-TYRANT (<i>Hemitriccus orbitatus</i>)*							1
EARED PYGMY-TYRANT (<i>Myiornis auricularis</i>)						1	H
OCHRE-FACED TODY-FLYCATCHER (<i>Poecilatriccus plumbeiceps</i>)	2				H	1	
YELLOW-LORED TODY-FLYCATCHER (<i>Todirostrum poliocephalum</i>)*				2			2
YELLOW-OLIVE FLATBILL (FLYCATCHER) (<i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens</i>)				2	1		
WHITE-THROATED SPADEBILL (<i>Platyrinchus mystaceus</i>)		H		H			H
CLIFF FLYCATCHER (<i>Hirundinea ferruginea</i>)	1		2				
EULER'S FLYCATCHER (<i>Lathrotriccus euleri</i>)						1	H
BLUE-BILLED BLACK-TYRANT (<i>Knipolegus cyanirostris</i>)					1		
CRESTED BLACK TYRANT (<i>Knipolegus lophotes</i>)				1			
VELVETY BLACK-TYRANT (<i>Knipolegus nigerimus</i>)*			2				

WHITE-RUMPED MONJITA (<i>Xolmis velatus</i>)				1			
STREAMER-TAILED TYRANT (<i>Gubernetes yetapa</i>)				3			
SHEAR-TAILED GRAY-TYRANT (<i>Muscipira vetula</i>)					2		
MASKED WATER-TYRANT (<i>Fluvicola nengeta</i>)				4			X
WHITE-HEADED MARSH-TYRANT (<i>Arundinicola leucocephala</i>)							1
LONG-TAILED TYRANT (<i>Colonia colonus</i>)				1		2	
CATTLE TYRANT (<i>Machetornis rixosa</i>)				2			
SOCIAL FLYCATCHER (<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>)				2			2
GREAT KISKADEE (<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>)	X	1	2	X	2	3	X
BOAT-BILLED FLYCATCHER (<i>Megarhynchus pitangua</i>)					H		1
GRAYISH MOURNER (<i>Rhytipterna simplex</i>)							2
SHORT-CRESTED FLYCATCHER (<i>Myiarchus ferox</i>)				1			
GRAY-HOODED ATILA (<i>Attila rufus</i>)*		1					1
COTINGAS							
BLACK AND GOLD COTINGA (<i>Tijuca atra</i>)*			H				
GREY-WINGED COTINGA (<i>Tijuca condita</i>)*			1				
MANAKINS							
SERRA DO MAR TYRANT- MANAKIN (<i>Neopelma chrysolophum</i>)*	H		1				
PIN-TAILED MANAKIN (<i>Ilicura militaris</i>)*	2				2	2	
WHITE-BEARDED MANAKIN (<i>Manacus manacus</i>)							X
BLUE MANAKIN (<i>Chiroxiphia caudata</i>)	1	1	H		4	1	2
TITYRAS AND BECARDS							
SHARPBILL (<i>Oxyruncus cristatus</i>)		1					
WHISKERED MYIOBIUS (FLYCATCHER) (<i>Myiobius barbatus</i>)	2	1	1		1		
GREENISH SCHIFFORNIS (<i>Schiffornis virescens</i>)			1				
BRAZILIAN LANIISOMA (<i>Laniisoma elegans</i>)*							1
GREEN-BACKED BECARD (<i>Pachyramphus viridis</i>)	1			1			
CHESTNUT-CROWNED BECARD (<i>Pachyramphus castaneus</i>)	1			1	2	1	2
WHITE-WINGED BECARD (<i>Pachyramphus polychopterus</i>)							1
VIREOS AND GREENLETS							
RUFIOUS-BROWED PEPPER SHRIKE (<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>)	1	H		1	1		
RUFIOUS-CROWNED GREENLET (<i>Hylophilus poicilotis</i>)			2		1	H	
LEMON-CHESTED GREENLET (<i>Hylophilus thoracicus</i>)							1
JAYS							
CURL-CRESTED JAY (<i>Cyanocorax cristatellus</i>)				X			
SWALLOWS AND MARTINS							
BROWN-CHESTED MARTIN (<i>Progne tapera</i>)				2			
BLUE-AND-WHITE SWALLOW (<i>Notiochelidon cyanoleuca</i>)				X			X
SOUTHERN ROUGH-WINGED SWALLOW (<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>)							X
BLACK-CAPPED DONACOBIOUS							
BLACK-CAPPED DONACOBIOUS (<i>Donacobius atricapilla</i>)				4			
WRENS							
MOUSTACHED WREN (<i>Pheugopedius genibarbis</i>)							H
LONG-BILLED WREN (<i>Cantorchilus longirostris</i>)*							1
HOUSE WREN (<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>)				2			
MOCKINGBIRDS							
CHALK-BROWED MOCKINGBIRD (<i>Mimus saturninus</i>)				X			
THRUSHES							
YELLOW-LEGGED THRUSH (<i>Turdus flavipes</i>)	2	1			1		1

RUFIOUS-BELLIED THRUSH (<i>Turdus rufiventris</i>)	X	2	3	2	X	X	X
PALE-BREASTED THRUSH (<i>Turdus leucomelas</i>)						1	
WHITE-NECKED THRUSH (<i>Turdus albicollis</i>)	1				2		
WAXBILLS							
COMMON WAXBILL (<i>Estrilda astrild</i>)							3
FINCHES							
VIOLACEOUS EUPHONIA (<i>Euphonia violacea</i>)		1					2
ORANGE-BELLIED EUPHONIA (<i>Euphonia xanthogaster</i>)		1					
CHESTNUT-BELLIED EUPHONIA (<i>Euphonia pectoralis</i>)		3				H	
BLUE-NAPED CHLOROPHONIA (<i>Chlorophonia cyanea</i>)						H	
NEW WORLD WARBLERS							
WHITE-RIMMED WARBLER (<i>Myiothlypis leucoblephara</i>)		1			2	H	
GOLDEN-CROWNED WARBLER (<i>Basileuterus culicivorus</i>)	4	X	4	2		1	
OROPENDOLAS AND BLACKBIRDS							
CRESTED OROPENDOLA (<i>Psarocolius decumanus</i>)				X			
RED-RUMPED CACIQUE (<i>Cacicus haemorrhous</i>)							2
CHOPI BLACKBIRD (<i>Gnorimopsar chopi</i>)				1			
SHINY COWBIRD (<i>Molothrus bonariensis</i>)				2			
BANANAQUIT							
BANANAQUIT (<i>Coereba flaveola</i>)	X	2	3	1	X	X	X
NEW WORLD SPARROWS							
RUFIOUS-COLLARED SPARROW (<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>)			X		X		
GRASSLAND SPARROW (<i>Ammodramus humeralis</i>)				1			
HALF-COLLARED SPARROW (<i>Arremon semitorquatus</i>)*				1			
TANAGERS AND ALLIES							
OLIVE-GREEN TANAGER (<i>Orthogonys chloricterus</i>)*		H					
CHESTNUT-HEADED TANAGER (<i>Pyrrhocomma ruficeps</i>)	1						
BLACK-GOGGLED TANAGER (<i>Trichothraupis melanops</i>)	4	2	4	1	3	2	2
FLAME-CRESTED TANAGER (<i>Tachyphonus cristatus</i>)							2
RUBY-CROWNED TANAGER (<i>Tachyphonus coronatus</i>)	X	4	4	X	X	X	3
BRAZILIAN TANAGER (<i>Ramphocelus bresilius</i>)							H
SAYACA TANAGER (<i>Thraupis sayaca</i>)	2			2	1		
AZURE-SHOULDERED TANAGER (<i>Thraupis cyanoptera</i>)	4				1	1	
GOLDEN-CHEVRONED TANAGER (<i>Thraupis ornata</i>)*	X	X	X	2	X	X	2
DIADEMED TANAGER (<i>Stephanophorus diadematus</i>)			4				
FAWN-BREASTED TANAGER (<i>Pipraeidea melanonota</i>)			2				
GREEN-HEADED TANAGER (<i>Tangara seledon</i>)		4					
BRASSY-BREASTED TANAGER (<i>Tangara desmaresti</i>)*	X		X		X	X	
GILT-EDGED TANAGER (<i>Tangara cyanoventris</i>)*	1			X			
BURNISHED-BUFF TANAGER (<i>Tangara cayana</i>)	2		1	2	2		
BLUE DACNIS (<i>Dacnis cayana</i>)		2		2			2
RUFIOUS-HEADED TANAGER (<i>Hemithraupis ruficapilla</i>)*		4			2	2	
YELLOW-BACKED TANAGER (<i>Hemithraupis flavicollis</i>)							4
CHESTNUT-VENTED CONEBILL (<i>Conirostrum speciosum</i>)							2
UNIFORM FINCH (<i>Haplospiza unicolor</i>)					2		1
BAY-CHESTED WARBLING-FINCH (<i>Poospiza thoracica</i>)*			3				
SAFFRON FINCH (<i>Sicalis flaveola</i>)				X			
WEDGE-TAILED GRASSFINCH (<i>Emberizoides herbicola</i>)				1			
BLUE-BLACK GRASSQUIT (<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>)				2			

DOUBLE-COLLARED SEEDEATER (<i>Sporophila caerulea</i>)				1			
CARDINALS, GROSBEAKS AND ALLIES							
RED-CROWNED ANT-TANAGER (<i>Habia rubica</i>)		2					1
BLACK-THROATED GROSBEAK (<i>Saltator fuliginosus</i>)		1					
BUFF-THROATED SALTATOR (<i>Saltator maximus</i>)							1
GREEN-WINGED SALTATOR (<i>Saltator similis</i>)	1			1	H	2	
THICK-BILLED SALTATOR (<i>Saltator maxillosus</i>)			5				
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